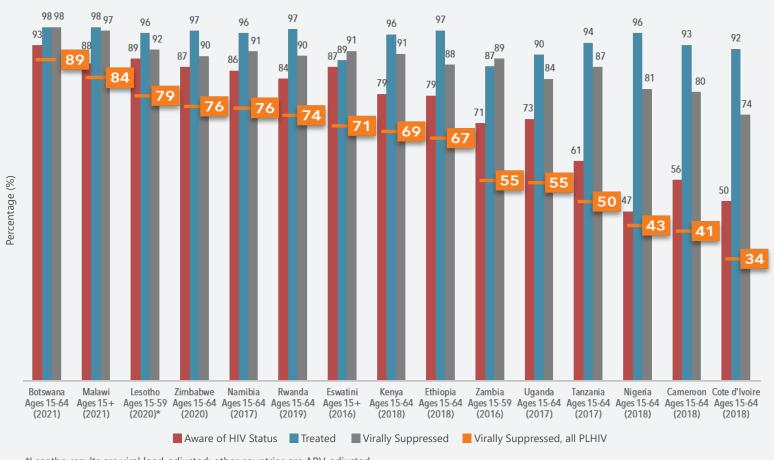
PEPFAR Population-Based Household Survey Results

December 2021

Figure 1: PEPFAR-funded PHIAs – Countries Showing Achievements toward the Global HIV SDG 90/90/90 Goals



^{*}Lesotho results are viral load-adjusted; other countries are ARV-adjusted

PEPFAR remains a global leader in using granular data to drive HIV impact and strengthen global health security. This includes through pioneering the collection and use of data from large national household surveys to track progress and identify key gaps toward high-HIV-burden countries reaching sustained epidemic control of HIV while triangulating survey findings with our program data.

Results from PEPFAR Population-Based Household Surveys and other data sources show that at least 20 countries have achieved epidemic control of HIV or reached the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) 90-90-90 targets for the end of 2020 (Fig. 1). These countries have translated resources from PEPFAR, the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria, and partner governments into highly impactful programs that transcend poverty and weak health systems to reach people with critical HIV prevention and treatment services.

These national survey results also reinforce that epidemic control of HIV requires financial investment as well as effective collaboration and mutual accountability between partner governments and communities. The surveys also demonstrate the critical role of an enabling policy environment in partner countries to drive progress, including through the rapid adoption and full implementation at scale of relevant World Health Organization policies. These data make clear that providing peoplecentered HIV prevention and treatment services is essential to help address inequalities in health care access, particularly for adolescent girls and young women, key populations, and children.